Financial Report with Supplemental Information June 30, 2021

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Water Commissioners, the Honorable Mayor, and Members of the City Council City of Detroit Water and Sewerage Department

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Water Fund and the Sewage Disposal Fund of the City of Detroit, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Detroit Water and Sewerage Department's (the "DWSD" or the "Department") basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Water Fund and the Sewage Disposal Fund of the City of Detroit, Michigan as of June 30, 2021 and the changes in their financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 1, which explains that these financial statements present only the Water Fund and Sewage Disposal Fund and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of Detroit, Michigan as of June 30, 2021 or the changes in its financial position or the changes in its cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.



To the Board of Water Commissioners, the Honorable Mayor, and Members of the City Council City of Detroit Water and Sewerage Department

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2021 on our consideration of the City of Detroit, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting are porting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Detroit, Michigan's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante i Moran, PLLC

December 20, 2021

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

	 Water Fund	Sewage Disposal Fund	 Total
Assets			
Current assets: Cash and investments (Note 2) Receivables:	\$ 62,445,283	\$ 34,782,540	\$ 97,227,823
Customer receivables	7,341,858	40,644,798	47,986,656
Unbilled accounts receivable	7,185,211	18,740,191	25,925,402
Other receivables	825,947	1,370,649	2,196,596
Receivable from Great Lakes Water Authority (Note 4)	18,233,787	25,057,627	43,291,414
Due from city funds Due from Sewage Disposal Fund	480,198 3,389,468	57,834	538,032 3,389,468
5	4,432,233	- 1,780,139	6,212,372
Inventory	 4,402,200	1,700,100	 0,212,012
Total current assets	104,333,985	122,433,778	226,767,763
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted cash and investments (Note 3) Capital assets: (Note 5)	91,441,757	60,334,895	151,776,652
Assets not subject to depreciation	59,019,432	46,951,390	105,970,822
Assets subject to depreciation - Net	535,305,054	514,955,043	1,050,260,097
Receivables from Great Lakes Water Authority (Note 4)	 444,705,042	560,518,893	 1,005,223,935
Total noncurrent assets	 1,130,471,285	1,182,760,221	 2,313,231,506
Total assets	1,234,805,270	1,305,193,999	2,539,999,269
Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred pension costs (Note 9) Deferred OPEB costs	 17,332,472 40,375	12,877,099 	 30,209,571 67,244
Total deferred outflows of resources	17,372,847	12,903,968	30,276,815

Statement of Net Position (Continued)

June 30, 2021

		Water Fund	Se	ewage Disposal Fund		Total
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	4,669,824	\$	1,855,838	\$	6,525,662
Payable to Great Lakes Water Authority		5,800,784		10,932,160		16,732,944
Due to other governments		256,789		2,504,384		2,761,173
Due to city funds		1,735,448		5,342,628		7,078,076
Due to Water Fund		-		3,389,468		3,389,468
Deposits		9,825,408		-		9,825,408
Accrued liabilities and other		11,602,579		10,888,981		22,491,560
Unearned revenue (Note 1)		11,250,000		13,750,000		25,000,000
Current portion of advances from the City of Detroit,						
Michigan General Fund (Note 1)		331,395		552,325		883,720
Accrued interest		163,387		-		163,387
Current portion of shortfall loan payable to Great Lakes						
Water Authority (Note 6)		-		8,296,578		8,296,578
Current portion of compensated absences (Note 6)		548,589		1,280,041		1,828,630
Accrued workers' compensation and claims and						
judgments (Note 8)		681,000		184,000		865,000
Current portion of bonds payable and contractual						
obligations (Note 6)		16,558,717		14,637,184		31,195,901
Total current liabilities		63,423,920		73,613,587		137,037,507
Noncurrent liabilities: Advances from the City of Detroit, Michigan General Fund - Net of current portion (Note 1)		9,977,343		16,628,895		26,606,238
Compensated absences - Net of current portion (Note 6) Accrued workers' compensation and claims and judgments		837,606		1,954,415		2,792,021
- Net of current portion (Note 8)		7,371,808		6,848,192		14,220,000
Net pension liability (Note 9)		37,640,860		25,994,469		63,635,329
Net OPEB obligation		13,867		9,228		23,095
Bonds payable and contractual obligations - Net of current		,		- 1		,
portion (Note 6)		570,338,781		415,127,455		985,466,236
Total noncurrent liabilities		626,180,265		466,562,654		1,092,742,919
Total liabilities		689,604,185		540,176,241		1,229,780,426
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred pension cost reductions (Note 9)		899.441		1,278,385		2,177,826
Deferred OPEB cost reductions		19,370		12,890		32,260
Total deferred inflows of resources		918,811	·	1,291,275		2,210,086
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:		113,520,649		217,385,702		330,906,351
Budget stabilization		2,000,000		5,500,000		7,500,000
Water affordability		1,593,502		-		1,593,502
Unrestricted		444,540,970		553,744,749		998,285,719
Total net position	\$	561,655,121	\$	776,630,451	\$	1,338,285,572
	_				_	

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Water Fund	 Sewage Disposal Fund		Total
Operating Revenue				
Water sales and sewage disposal charges	\$ 99,089,732	\$ 312,624,674	\$	411,714,406
Nonretail shared services billings	608,400	1,419,600		2,028,000
Great Lakes Water Authority's share of collective	0 400 000	44 500 074		00 700 000
pension expense (Note 9) Penalties and fees	8,139,362	14,566,874		22,706,236 9,275,486
Miscellaneous	2,011,485 1,957,310	7,264,001 915,036		9,275,480 2,872,346
Miscellarieous	 1,957,510	 915,050		2,072,340
Total operating revenue	111,806,289	336,790,185		448,596,474
Operating Expenses				
Salaries, wages, and benefits	12,131,813	24,845,927		36,977,740
Contractual services	16,821,116	7,806,215		24,627,331
Wholesale charges	21,925,500	189,511,617		211,437,117
Operating	7,109,093	11,943,940		19,053,033
Repairs and maintenance	815,904	1,369,834		2,185,738
Utilities	817,611	1,917,439		2,735,050
Nonretail shared services	2,143,402	5,001,274		7,144,676
Claims and judgments Bad debt	2,018,090	840,477		2,858,567
Depreciation	11,710,731 17,796,687	51,016,760 12,165,539		62,727,491 29,962,226
Pension expense	14,175,912	18,882,954		33,058,866
r ension expense	 14,175,912	 10,002,934		33,030,000
Total operating expenses	 107,465,859	 325,301,976		432,767,835
Operating Income	4,340,430	11,488,209		15,828,639
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)				
Investment income	113,446	89,785		203,231
Investment revenue on lease with Great Lakes Water				
Authority	16,919,476	21,388,587		38,308,063
Principal forgiveness on state revolving fund loans	2,031,300	-		2,031,300
Miscellaneous	(22,666)	(3,538)		(26,204)
Interest expense	 (26,649,371)	 (20,208,392)		(46,857,763)
Total nonoperating (expense) revenue	 (7,607,815)	 1,266,442		(6,341,373)
Change in Net Position	(3,267,385)	12,754,651		9,487,266
Net Position - Beginning of year	 564,922,506	 763,875,800	_	1,328,798,306
Net Position - End of year	\$ 561,655,121	\$ 776,630,451	\$ 1	1,338,285,572

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Water Fund		Sewage Disposal Fund		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities						
Receipts from customers Receipts from (payments to) interfund services and	\$	97,082,428	\$	292,971,509	\$	390,053,937
reimbursements		1,805,596		(1,805,596)		-
Receipts from city funds		1,154,461		(79,293)		1,075,168
Payments to suppliers		(53,087,476)		(208,391,576)		(261,479,052)
Payments to employees and fringes		(21,833,818)		(50,012,075)		(71,845,893)
Claims paid		(62,282)		(233,285)		(295,567)
Other receipts		541,493		-		541,493
Net payments to GLWA, including shared services		(3,199,846)		(6,598,914)		(9,798,760)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities		22,400,556		25,850,770		48,251,326
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
Receipts from GLWA for financial recovery bonds		875,507		1,969,295		2,844,802
Principal and interest paid on operating debt		(1,493,702)		(21,331,217)		(22,824,919)
Receipts on GLWA contract receivable		22,500,000		27,500,000		50,000,000
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by noncapital financing activities		21,881,805		8,138,078		30,019,883
		21,001,000		0,100,010		00,010,000
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing						
Activities		45 744 400				
Issuance of bonds		15,741,109		-		15,741,109
Receipt of capital grants Purchase of capital assets		237,584		- (22.014.710)		237,584
Principal and interest paid on capital debt		(43,846,779) (41,609,333)		(32,914,718)		(76,761,497)
Finicipal and interest paid on capital debt		(41,009,333)		(31,653,650)		(73,262,983)
Net cash and cash equivalents used in capital and related financing activities		(69,477,419)		(64,568,368)		(134,045,787)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities						
Interest received on investments		113,446		89,785		203,231
Receipts from renting activities		8,076		-		8,076
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by						
investing activities		121,522		89,785		211,307
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(25,073,536)		(30,489,735)		(55,563,271)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year		178,960,576		125,607,170		304,567,746
	*		~		<u>~</u>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$	153,887,040	\$	95,117,435	\$	249,004,475
Classification of Cash and Cash Equivalents						
Cash and investments	\$	62,445,283	\$	34,782,540	\$	97,227,823
Restricted cash and investments		91,441,757	·	60,334,895	•	151,776,652
	¢	153,887,040	\$	95,117,435	¢	249,004,475
Total cash and cash equivalents	Ψ	100,007,040	Ψ	30,117,700	Ψ	2-10,007,770

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Water Fund	Di	Sewage isposal Fund	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash and Cash Equivalents from Operating Activities				
Operating income	\$ 4,340,430	\$	11,488,209 \$	15,828,639
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash and cash equivalents from operating activities:				
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:	17,796,687		12,165,539	29,962,226
Receivables	6,668,785		22,762,446	29,431,231
Due to and from other funds	1,805,596		(1,805,596)	-
Due to and from city funds	1,154,461		(158,586)	995,875
Inventory	(528,553)		(835,362)	(1,363,915)
Prepaid and other assets	1,079,791		460,134	1,539,925
Accrued liabilities and other	(4,363,576)		(3,012,041)	(7,375,617)
Accounts payable	(3,604,413)		(2,959,924)	(6,564,337)
Estimated claims liability	1,348,808		492,189	1,840,997
Pension and OPEB, including related deferred				
inflows and outflows	(2,430,898)		(2,038,184)	(4,469,082)
Due to other governments	256,789		2,504,384	2,761,173
Unearned revenue	541,493		-	541,493
Changes to assets and liabilities with GLWA	 (1,664,844)		(13,212,438)	(14,877,282)
Total adjustments	 18,060,126		14,362,561	32,422,687
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities	\$ 22,400,556	\$	25,850,770 \$	48,251,326

June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The City of Detroit, Michigan (the "City") charter established the City of Detroit Water and Sewerage Department (the "DWSD" or the "Department") in 1836 to supply water, drainage, and sewage services within and outside the City. The Department is governed by a seven-member Board of Water Commissioners (the "Board") that is appointed by the mayor of the City of Detroit, Michigan. In accordance with government accounting principles, there are no separate legal entities to be reported within these financial statements. The financial statements of the Department have been included in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and reported as enterprise funds. These financial statements represent the financial condition and the results of operations of the Department only and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City. Copies of these reports, along with other financial information, can be obtained at the Department's administrative office located at 735 Randolph, Detroit, MI 48226 and on its website at www.detroitmi.gov/departments/water-and-sewerage-department.

The Board's governance structure, authority, and level of operational autonomy is established by five standing federal court orders dated September 9, 2011 (Creation of the Root Cause Committee); November 4, 2011 (Adoption of the Root Cause Committee Plan of Action); October 5, 2012 (Clarification of the November 4, 2011 Order); December 14, 2012 (Adoption of Root Cause Committee's Plan of Action Clarification); and December 15, 2014 (Opinion & Order of Joint Motion for Relief of Judgement). These court orders resulted largely from federal court oversight of the DWSD for most of the period from May 6, 1977 through March 27, 2013 related to alleged violations of the Clean Water Act and its National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit. The final court order reiterated that the court retains limited jurisdiction for the purpose of enforcement of its orders issued on September 9, 2011; November 4, 2011; October 5, 2012; December 14, 2012; and December 15, 2014.

Authority granted by the federal court to the DWSD includes operation independence in the areas of law, finance, human resources, and procurement. Specifically, while they restored some provisions in the charter relating to the appointment and removal of members of the Board, these orders enjoined the City from applying any existing or future charter provisions, ordinances, resolutions, executive orders, city policies, regulations, procedures, or similar rules or practices that are inconsistent with the express terms of the court's orders. Furthermore, the orders granted the DWSD the authority to: purchase its own information technology systems; establish its own subunits and programs within its finance division, including debt management, accounts payable, accounts receivable, accounting, and budget, and to establish new rates and charges; determine its treasury and cash management, asset management, and deferred compensation; be independent from city finance policies; be exempt from the application of city ordinances, the City's human resources policies and regulations, Civil Service Commission Rules, and city resolutions and orders pertaining to payroll, employee benefits, and employee and labor relations; establish bank accounts in its own name; and establish its own self-insurance fund.

Effective January 1, 2016, the City of Detroit, Michigan entered into lease agreements and related service agreements with the Great Lakes Water Authority (GLWA) under which GLWA will operate and maintain the regional water and sewage system for the term of 40 years (with automatic extension to coincide with any debt still outstanding that was issued to finance system improvements). The agreements transfer all then-outstanding bonded indebtedness to GLWA, along with a leasehold interested in certain capital assets, cash, investments, and receivables, in exchange for an annual lease payment of \$50 million.

The GLWA bonds are supported by a pledge of the revenue of both the regional system and local system revenue. Its master bond ordinance requires collections of the Department's water and sewer receipts to be deposited into trust accounts controlled by the master bond ordinance (through GLWA), which will be used to fund wholesale operation and maintenance costs, debt principal and interest, pension obligations, the Water Residential Assistance Program, and the budget stabilization fund, after distributing cash sufficient to cover the local operation and maintenance costs to the Department. In the event there are any remaining moneys, a reconciliation is performed, and, upon finalization of the reconciliation, a transfer of funds occurs to the improvement and extension funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accounting and Reporting Principles

The City of Detroit Water and Sewerage Department follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Department:

Fund Accounting

The Department accounts for its activities in two different funds - the Water Fund and Sewage Disposal Fund - in order to demonstrate accountability for how it has spent its resources.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds include enterprise funds (which provide goods or services to users in exchange for charges or fees). The Department reports the following two funds:

- The Water Fund accounts for the operation of the water distribution system. The fund provides services to retail customers located in the City of Detroit, Michigan.
- The Sewage Disposal Fund accounts for the operation of the sewers, including sanitary and combined sewers. The fund provides services to retail customers located in the City of Detroit, Michigan.

Report Presentation

This report includes the fund-based statements of the Department. In accordance with government accounting principles, a government-wide presentation with program and general revenue is not applicable to special purpose governments engaged only in business-type activities.

Basis of Accounting

The Water Fund and Sewage Disposal Fund use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange revenue (grants and contributions) are recognized when all eligibility requirements have been satisfied (generally based on reimbursements of amounts spent).

Specific Balances and Transactions

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired.

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value or estimated fair value based on quoted market prices.

<u>Receivables</u>

All customer receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$38,515,323 and \$161,630,543 in the Water Fund and Sewage Disposal Fund, respectively.

June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Leases Receivable from Great Lakes Water Authority

On January 1, 2016, the City of Detroit, Michigan entered into lease agreements and related service agreements with the Great Lakes Water Authority under which GLWA will operate the regional water and sewage system for the term of 40 years. The agreements transfer all then-outstanding bonded indebtedness to the GLWA, along with a leasehold interest in certain capital assets, cash, investments, and receivables in exchange for an annual lease payment of \$22,500,000 to the Water Fund and \$27,500,000 to the Sewage Disposal Fund. Interest is charged on the lease payments at an annual rate of 3.70 percent. The lease receivable is recorded as the present value of all future lease payments.

The current portion of the lease receivable presents the 12 monthly principal payments required from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories consist of operating and maintenance and repair parts for water and sewer assets and are valued at the lower of cost or market, with cost being determined on an average cost method. Inventory is recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost, together with interest capitalized during construction. Capital assets are defined by the Department as assets with an initial individual cost or total purchase cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All acquisitions of land and land improvements are capitalized, regardless of cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Infrastructure, buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Depreciable Life - Years
Land improvements	67
Buildings and structures	40
Distribution mains	67
Services and meters	20-67
Sewers	67-100
Machinery, equipment, and fixtures	3-20

The Department capitalizes qualifying net interest costs of the system on bonds issued for capital construction in accordance with GASB Statement No. 62, *Capitalization of Interest Cost,* as amended. There was no capitalized interest in the Water Fund or the Sewage Disposal Fund for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Construction in progress is related to buildings, improvements, or infrastructure that has not yet been placed in service for the intended use. These costs include contract costs (materials, labor, and overhead), as well as professional fees and interest, incurred during the construction period. Upon completion, construction in progress costs are transferred to the appropriate capital asset classification. A periodic review of projects included in construction in progress identified projects that were suspended or canceled during the period. These identified projects were removed from construction in progress and recorded as operations and maintenance costs.

June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Taxes and City Services

The Department pays no direct federal, state, or local taxes except local taxes on excess property and federal Social Security taxes. The Department reimburses the City for most of the direct services furnished by other city departments, including general staff services. Charges are billed for all water and sewerage services provided to city departments.

Shared Costs

Costs related to shared facilities and personnel are allocated to the Department on a basis that relates costs incurred to the fund benefitted.

Unearned Revenue

The Department received a lease prepayment from GLWA in the amount of \$25,000,000 on January 1, 2016. Of the \$25,000,000, \$11,250,000 is allocated to the Water Fund, and \$13,750,000 is allocated to the Sewage Disposal Fund. The lease prepayment will be applied against the lease receivable from GLWA in the period from July 1, 2055 through December 31, 2055.

Advances from the City of Detroit, Michigan General Fund

In 2018, the governing body of the City authorized the use of general funds for the full redemption of the Financial Recovery Bonds, 2014 Series C, including the amount allocated to the Department. The 2014 Series C debt was fully redeemed on April 13, 2018. The Department will repay the City of Detroit General Fund under the terms of the original amortization schedule for the Financial Recovery Bonds, 2014 Series C, including an interest rate of 5 percent per year, with principal and interest due on June 30 each year and a final maturity date of June 30, 2027. At June 30, 2021, the outstanding amount advanced to the Department is \$5,370,838, of which \$2,014,065 is recorded in the Water Fund, and \$3,356,773 is recorded in the Sewage Disposal Fund. Of the total amounts, \$331,395 and \$552,325 are classified as current liabilities in the Water Fund and Sewage Disposal Fund, respectively.

In 2019, the governing body of the City authorized the use of general funds for the partial redemption of the Financial Recovery Bonds, 2014 Series B(1) and B(2), including the proportionate amount allocated to the Department. The 2014 Series B(1) and B(2) debt was partially redeemed on April 15, 2019. The Department will repay the City of Detroit General Fund under the term of the original amortization schedule for the Financial Recovery Bonds, 2014 Series B(1) and B(2), including an interest rate of 4 percent per year, with principal and interest due on June 30 each year and a final maturity date of June 30, 2033. The total amount advanced to the Department was \$22,119,120, of which \$8,294,673 is recorded in the Water Fund, and \$13,824,447 is recorded in the Sewage Disposal Fund as noncurrent liabilities.

Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the basic financial statements consists of unpaid accumulated vacation and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Vacation leave is accrued as benefits are earned by employees, and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. The liability has been calculated based on employees' current salary level and includes salary-related costs (e.g., Social Security and Medicare tax). The current year accruals are based on estimates, and payments are based on actual amounts.

June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Bond Premiums, Discounts, and Deferred Amounts on Refunding

Bond premiums and discounts are amortized using the effective interest method, and deferred amounts on refunding are amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium and discounts. Deferred amounts on refunding are reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources.

Long-term Obligations

In accordance with contractual agreements with GLWA, the Department continues to be responsible for funding its share of the GLWA bonds that are estimated to have been used to improve the local DWSD system. The Department has been assigned a portion of the City of Detroit, Michigan's financial recovery bonds, which had been used to fund prebankruptcy operating obligations, such as pension and retiree health care obligations. There are also outstanding revenue bonds and state revolving fund loans at year end. All of these amounts are reported as long-term obligations in the statement of net position.

Other Postemployment Benefits

The City of Detroit, Michigan provides death benefits through a prefunded single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the employee benefit board of trustees. Beginning in fiscal year 2018, GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions,* requires governments providing defined benefit postemployment benefits (other than pensions) to recognize the net OPEB asset or liability on their financial statements. The OPEB asset or liability is the difference between the total OPEB liability and the plan's fiduciary net position. At June 30, 2021, the City of Detroit, Michigan allocated a net OPEB liability to the Water Fund and Sewage Disposal Fund in the amount of \$13,867 and \$9,228, respectively. The plan covers those retirees who retired on or before December 31, 2014.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Department reports the following deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources:

	Inflows	Outflows
Deferred pension costs (or cost reductions) Deferred OPEB costs (or cost reductions)	\checkmark	\checkmark

Net Position

Net position of the Department is categorized as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and capital-related debt.

Restricted

The net position has been legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unrestricted

This consists of assets that do not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes, the Department will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the Department's financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Department's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Unbilled Revenue

The Department records unbilled revenue for services provided by the DWSD prior to year end by accruing actual revenue billed in the subsequent month.

Interest Expense

Interest expense in the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position included amounts related to the portion of rates and charges collected by the DWSD that relate to the accretion of obligations payable to the Great Lakes Water Authority in respect to the interest payable on GLWA's bonds and interest paid and accrued on outstanding financial recovery bonds, revenue bonds, and revolving fund loans.

Classification of Revenue and Expenses

The Department classifies its revenue and expenses as either operating or nonoperating.

Operating revenue includes activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as revenue from charges for water service and sewerage services.

Nonoperating revenue includes activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as contributions and investment income.

Operating expenses include the cost of operating the water and sewer utility systems, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All expenses not meeting this definition, including interest expense, are reported as nonoperating expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The Department is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement were originally effective for the Department's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021 but were extended to June 30, 2022 with the issuance of GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Date of Certain Authoritative Guidance*.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, which simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of construction and requires those costs to be expensed in the period incurred. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be capitalized and included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. This statement also reiterates that, in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles. The requirements of the standard will be applied prospectively and result in increased interest expense during periods of construction. The provisions of this statement were originally effective for the Department's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021 but were extended to June 30, 2022 with the issuance of GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Date of Certain Authoritative Guidance*.

In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This statement addresses eight unrelated practice issues and technical inconsistencies in authoritative literature. The standard addresses leases, intraentity transfers of assets, postemployment benefits, government acquisitions, risk financing and insurance-related activities of public entity risk pools, fair value measurements, and derivative instruments. The provisions of this statement were originally effective for the Department's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021, but certain provisions were extended to June 30, 2022 with the issuance of GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Date of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. The Department does not believe this pronouncement will have a significant impact on its financial statements but is still making a full evaluation.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, to bring a uniform guidance on how to report public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. As a result, transferors in public-private or public-public arrangements will recognize receivables for installment payments, deferred inflows of resources, and, when applicable, capital assets. Operators will recognize liabilities for installment payments and intangible right-to-use assets, and, when applicable, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities for assets being transferred. This statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements, in which a government compensates an operator for services, such as designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Department's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2023.

June 30, 2021

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In May 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)*, which defines SBITAs and provides accounting and financial reporting for SBITAs by governments. This statement requires a government to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset for SBITAs. The Department is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Department's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2023.

In June 2020, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans*. While this standard had certain aspects impacting defined contribution pension and OPEB plans and other employee benefit plans that were effective immediately, it also clarifies when a 457 should be considered a pension plan or an other employee benefit plan to assist in the application of GASB Statement No. 84 to these types of plans. The Department is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement related to 457 plans are effective for the Department's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2022.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Cash and investments are reported on two lines in the financial statements (restricted and unrestricted). The breakdown between deposits and investments is as follows:

	 Water Fund	D	Sewage isposal Fund	 Total
Cash and cash equivalents - Unrestricted (deposits) Investments - Unrestricted Investments - Restricted Restricted cash and cash equivalents (deposits)	\$ 16,308,045 46,137,238 87,798,245 3,643,512	\$	6,752,250 28,030,290 54,772,367 5,562,528	\$ 23,060,295 74,167,528 142,570,612 9,206,040
Total deposits and investments	\$ 153,887,040	\$	95,117,435	\$ 249,004,475

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The law also allows investments outside the state of Michigan when fully insured. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications that matures no more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions that are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

There are no limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals for the investment pools that are recorded at amortized cost.

June 30, 2021

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Department's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Department's deposits may not be returned to it. The Department's deposit policy for custodial credit risk minimizes the risk by using only financial institutions meeting preestablished criteria. At year end, the Department had \$1,957,785 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit and checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The Department believes that, due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the Department evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Department will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Department's policy for custodial credit risk minimizes the risk by using only financial institutions and brokers meeting preestablished criteria and holding all securities in the Department's name. As of June 30, 2021, the Department had no investments subject to custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The Department's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities other than commercial paper, which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. At year end, the Department had no investments subject to interest rate risk.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Department's investment policy minimizes the risk by limiting investments to the safest types of securities; prequalifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, and intermediaries with which the Department will do business; and diversifying the portfolio so that the potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities are as follows:

Investment	Carrying Value	Rating	Rating Organization
Bank investment pool - Comerica J Fund* Bank investment pool - First American Government	\$ 72,637,910	Not rated	
Obligation Fund [*]	1,529,618	AAAm	S&P
Bank investment pool - PFM GovMic*	142,570,612	AAAm	S&P
Total	\$ 216,738,140		

*Investments are valued at amortized cost rather than fair value.

Note 3 - Restricted Assets

Restricted assets, principally cash and investments, are primarily available to provide funds for construction. The budget stabilization fund moneys are also restricted in accordance with GLWA's master bond ordinance.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

Note 3 - Restricted Assets (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, restricted assets are as follows:

Description	,	Sewage Water Fund Disposal Fund			 Total		
Budget stabilization fund - Held in trust in accordance with the master bond ordinance Donations restricted for specified purposes Unspent bond proceeds	\$	2,000,000 1,593,502 87,848,255	\$	5,500,000 - 54,834,895	\$ 7,500,000 1,593,502 142,683,150		
Total	\$	91,441,757	\$	60,334,895	\$ 151,776,652		

Note 4 - Receivable from Great Lakes Water Authority

The following is the detail of the receivable from Great Lakes Water Authority:

	 Water Fund	<u> </u>	Sewage Disposal Fund
Accounts receivable	\$ 8,397,685	\$	13,747,502
Cash held with Great Lakes Water Authority	3,134,524		2,919,803
Lease receivable (Note 1)	434,670,085		531,263,437
Receivable for financial recovery bonds (Notes 1 and 6)	16,736,535		37,645,778
Less current portion of receivable from Great Lakes Water Authority	(18,233,787)		(25,057,627)
Noncurrent receivable from Great Lakes Water Authority	\$ 444,705,042	\$	560,518,893

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the Department for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Reclassifications and Adjustments	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2021
Water Fund					
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights	\$ 1,327,637	\$-\$	_	\$ - :	\$ 1,327,637
Construction in progress	60,934,903	(47,191,589)	43,948,481	<u> </u>	57,691,795
Subtotal	62,262,540	(47,191,589)	43,948,481	-	59,019,432
Capital assets being depreciated: Mains	545,668,489	43,322,930	-	-	588,991,419
Buildings and structures Machinery, equipment, and fixtures	55,558,958 83,677,246	175,602 1,899,549	-	- (518,449)	55,734,560 85,058,346
Land improvements	4,923,679	1,099,049	-	(310,449)	4,923,679
Service lines	51,405,505	1,132,218	-	-	52,537,723
Meters	129,379,382	559,588	-	<u> </u>	129,938,970
Subtotal	870,613,259	47,089,887	-	(518,449)	917,184,697
Accumulated depreciation:					
Mains	155,822,006	-	8,138,341	-	163,960,347
Buildings and structures Machinery, equipment, and	43,952,659	-	613,780	-	44,566,439
fixtures	47,714,464	-	3,699,813	(491,106)	50,923,171
Land improvements	1,307,118	-	76,533	-	1,383,651
Service lines	31,747,550	-	537,387	-	32,284,937
Meters	84,030,265		4,730,833		88,761,098
Subtotal	364,574,062		17,796,687	(491,106)	381,879,643
Net capital assets being depreciated	506,039,197	47,089,887	(17,796,687)	(27,343)	535,305,054
Net Water Fund capital assets	568,301,737	(101,702)	26,151,794	(27,343)	594,324,486

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

	Balance July 1, 2020	Reclassifications and Adjustments	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2021
Sewage Disposal Fund					
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights Construction in progress	\$ 72,326 86,838,358	\$\$ (73,113,233)	33,153,939	\$	\$ 72,326 46,879,064
Subtotal	86,910,684	(73,113,233)	33,153,939	-	46,951,390
Capital assets being depreciated: Sewer lines and laterals Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment, and fixtures	399,396,116 108,437,082 105,225,608	65,493,515 661,652 1,738,606	- - -	- - (1,522,178)	464,889,631 109,098,734 105,442,036
Land improvements	12,590,999	4,980,239	-	-	17,571,238
Subtotal	625,649,805	72,874,012	-	(1,522,178)	697,001,639
Accumulated depreciation: Sewer lines and laterals Buildings and improvements Machinery, equipment, and fixtures Land improvements	53,293,592 56,895,621 59,505,657 1,704,830		3,993,959 3,106,725 4,926,740 138,115	- - (1,518,643) -	57,287,551 60,002,346 62,913,754 1,842,945
Subtotal	171,399,700	-	12,165,539	(1,518,643)	182,046,596
Net capital assets being depreciated	454,250,105	72,874,012	(12,165,539)	(3,535)	514,955,043
Net Sewage Disposal Fund capital assets	541,160,789	(239,221)	20,988,400	(3,535)	561,906,433
Net department capital assets	\$ 1,109,462,526	\$ (340,923)	47,140,194	\$ (30,878)	\$ 1,156,230,919

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Construction Commitments

The Department is engaged in numerous projects that are part of its five-year capital improvement program, including water main replacements, fire hydrant replacements, sewer system rehabilitation, vehicle and equipment purchases, and information technology upgrades. The program is being financed primarily from lease payments from the Great Lakes Water Authority and proceeds from the issuance of revenue bonds by the Great Lakes Water Authority. The total amount of construction contract commitments outstanding at June 30, 2021 was approximately \$65 million and \$19 million for the Water Fund and Sewage Disposal Fund, respectively.

Note 6 - Long-term Debt

Long-term debt activity of the Department for the year ended June 30, 2021 is summarized as follows:

Water Fund

	Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2021	Due within One Year
Bonds and contracts payable: Direct borrowings and direct placements:							
State revolving loans	2.5%	\$80,000 - \$384,000	\$ 15,531,679	\$ 15,741,109	\$ (2,387,200)	\$ 28,885,588	\$ 652,056
Revenue bonds	5%	\$830,000 - \$7.260.000	136,320,000	-	-	136,320,000	-
Advances from the City of Detroit, Michigan General Fund	4-5%	\$300,585 - \$1,237,600	10,624,352	-	(315,614)	10,308,738	331,395
Obligation payable to GLWA	4.76%	\$14,478,000 - \$31,918,900	398,319,700		(14,478,800)	383,840,900	15,168,000
Total principal outstanding on direct borrowings and direct placements			560,795,731	15,741,109	(17,181,614)	559,355,226	16,151,451
Other debt - Financial recovery bonds	4-6%	\$1,327,004	18,245,406	-	-	18,245,406	-
Unamortized bond premiums on revenue bonds			20,391,067		(785,463)	19,605,604	738,661
Total obligations payable and long-term debt			599,432,204	15,741,109	(17,967,077)	597,206,236	16,890,112
Compensated absences Workers' compensation and general claims			1,500,670 6,704,000	485,632 2,106,808	(600,107) (758,000)	1,386,195 8,052,808	548,589 681,000
Total Water Fund long- term debt			\$ 607,636,874	\$ 18,333,549	\$ (19,325,184)	\$ 606,645,239	\$ 18,119,701

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Sewage Disposal Fund

	Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2021	Due within One Year
Bonds and contracts payable: Direct borrowings and direct placements:							
Revenue bonds Advances from the City of	3-5%	\$1,415,000 - \$5,125,000	\$ 80,225,000	\$-	\$ (1,415,000) \$	5 78,810,000	\$ 1,465,000
Detroit, Michigan General Fund	4-5%	\$500,975 - \$2,062,700 \$12,249,500 -	17,707,244	-	(526,024)	17,181,220	552,325
Obligations payable to GLWA Shortfall payable to GLWA	4.33% 3.2-4.1%	\$25,181,700 \$1,570,143	323,833,400 26,503,010	-	(12,249,500) (18,206,432)	311,583,900 8,296,578	12,779,900 8,296,578
Total direct borrowings and direct placements principal outstanding			448,268,654	-	(32,396,956)	415,871,698	23,093,803
Other debt - Financial recovery bonds Unamortized bond premiums	4-6%	\$2,211,673	30,409,013 9,338,553		(376,827)	30,409,013 8,961,726	- 392,284
Total obligations payable and long-term debt			488,016,220	-	(32,773,783)	455,242,437	23,486,087
Compensated absences Workers' compensation and general			3,501,564	1,133,141	(1,400,249)	3,234,456	1,280,041
claims			6,540,000	732,919	(240,727)	7,032,192	184,000
Total long-term obligations			\$ 498,057,784	\$ 1,866,060	\$ (34,414,759)	465,509,085	\$ 24,950,128

Obligation Payable to GLWA

As part of the lease transaction in which the City leased the regional water and sewer system of the DWSD to GLWA, all DWSD revenue bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2015, including those purchased by the Michigan Finance Authority under its state revolving loan program, were assumed by GLWA with the consent of bondholders.

Per the Water and Sewer Services Agreement (WSSA) between the DWSD and GLWA dated June 12, 2015 and the master bond ordinances dated October 7, 2015, as amended, the Detroit retail class continues to pay its common-to-all share of debt service revenue requirements and its allocated share of debt service revenue requirements associated with improvements to the local water and sewer systems. Payments on the debt service incurred by GLWA on the outstanding revenue bonds assumed as of December 31, 2015 are to be allocated using an agreed-upon percentage of total debt service associated with bond-financed local improvements over the life of such bonds, though the bonds themselves continue to be secured by the net revenue of GLWA, which includes all revenue payable by the Detroit retail class.

Shortfall Payable to GLWA

On June 27, 2018, the DWSD and GLWA executed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), which outlined the requirements for the reconciliation committee (originally defined by the WSSA) to meet quarterly to expand the level of communication between the two entities related to financial, operational, legal, capital planning, and other matters and opportunities for improved management and coordination of both entities and foster a positive relationship in the water services sector. The MOU further describes a specific function of the Reconciliation Committee to address any cumulative negative variance of more than 2 percent of the total budget for either GLWA or the DWSD.

June 30, 2021

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

For the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, GLWA reported a negative variance (receipts less than costs, as described in Note 1) for the DWSD's Sewage Disposal Fund, which exceeded the 2 percent variance threshold. Based on the terms outlined in the MOU, a budget shortfall not cured by the end of the fiscal year (following the year in which it arises) shall be repaid in full, in installments over a period not to exceed three fiscal years, with a surcharge based on the three-year U.S. Treasury note rate plus 150 basis points. The DWSD recorded a shortfall loan payable of \$53,413,034 for the cumulative 2018 and 2017 negative variance reported by GLWA as a result of this agreement. The shortfall loan payable outstanding as of June 30, 2021 is \$8,296,578.

Financial Recovery Bonds

On December 10, 2014, the City issued approximately \$1.3 billion of debt. The Financial Recovery Bonds, Series 2014-B(1) and Series 2014-B(2), total \$616,560,047 and \$15,404,098, respectively. They are federally taxable. The bonds' interest rate is 4.0 percent per annum from December 10, 2014 through and including March 31, 2034 and 6.0 percent per annum thereafter until the maturity date of April 1, 2044. The bonds were delivered to classes of creditors in satisfaction of (1) Class 12 OPEB claims (the bonds were distributed to the new Voluntary Employee Beneficiary Associations (VEBA) for the general retirees and police and fire retirees), (2) Class 9 Pension Obligation Certificate (POC) claims, and (3) other unsecured bankruptcy claims.

In 2019, the governing body of the City of Detroit, Michigan authorized the use of general funds for the partial redemption of the Financial Recovery Bonds, 2014 Series B(1) and B(2), including the proportionate amount allocated to the Department. The 2014 Series B(1) and B(2) debt was partially redeemed on April 15, 2019. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Department will repay the City of Detroit, Michigan General Fund under the terms of the original amortization schedule for the Financial Recovery Bonds, 2014 Series B(1) and B(2), including an interest rate of 4 percent per year, with principal and interest due on June 30 each year and a final maturity date of June 30, 2033. The Department has recorded an advance from the City of Detroit, Michigan General Fund for the remaining balance of the allocated debt and has also recorded a receivable from GLWA for the debt allocated to GLWA that will be reimbursed to the Department.

The Financial Recovery Bonds, Series 2014-C total \$88,430,021. The 2014-C Bonds were issued as part of the Syncora Settlement and FGIC/POC Settlement in the plan and on the effective date. As part of the Plan of Adjustment, GLWA remains responsible to pay a portion of the debt; however, the entire debt remains in the City's name. The Department was allocated 11.21 and 11.55 percent of the Series 2014-B and Series 2014-C debt, respectively, of which GLWA's portion of that allocation is 71.42 percent, and the DWSD's portion of that allocation is 28.58 percent.

In 2018, the governing body of the City of Detroit, Michigan authorized the use of general funds for the full redemption of the Financial Recovery Bonds, 2014 Series C, including the amount allocated to the Department. The 2014 Series C debt was fully redeemed on April 13, 2018. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Department will repay the City of Detroit, Michigan General Fund under the terms of the original amortization schedule for the Financial Recovery Bonds, 2014 Series C, including an interest rate of 5 percent per year, with principal and interest due on June 30 each year and a final maturity date of June 30, 2027. The Department has recorded an advance from the City of Detroit, Michigan General Fund for the remaining balance of the allocated debt and has also recorded a receivable from GLWA for the debt allocated to GLWA that will be reimbursed to the Department.

Revenue Bonds

Sewage Disposal Fund revenue bonds provided financing for improvements to the local water and sewer systems. All bonds are secured by the net revenue of GLWA and the DWSD. GLWA's master bond ordinance requires collections of DWSD receipts to be deposited into trust accounts controlled by the master bond ordinance (through GLWA), which will be used, among other things, to fund debt principal and interest. Principal payments on outstanding revenue bonds will commence on July 1, 2021.

June 30, 2021

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Water Fund revenue bonds provided financing for improvements to the local water system. The bonds are secured by the net revenue of GLWA and the DWSD. GLWA's master bond ordinance requires collections of DWSD receipts to be deposited into trust accounts controlled by the master bond ordinance (through GLWA), which will be used, among other things, to fund debt principal and interest. Principal payments on the Series 2016 Water Fund revenue bonds will commence on July 1, 2042. Interest-only payments are made semiannually until July 1, 2042. Principal payments on the Series 2020 Water Fund revenue bonds will commence on July 1, 2023.

State Revolving Fund Loans

The Department (Water Fund) received loans from the State of Michigan Revolving Loan Fund totaling \$15,741,109 during the year ended June 30, 2021. The proceeds of the loans were used to pay the costs of making certain repairs and improvements to the water system and are reported as a long-term liability on the statement of net position. The Department (Water Fund) also recorded nonoperating revenue in the amount of \$2,031,300 related to principal forgiveness on state revolving loans.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds and note obligations are as follows:

	v	Vater Fund (Di	rec	t Borrowings a	and	l Placements)		Wa	ter	Fund (Other D	ebt)
Years Ending June 30		Principal	_	Interest		Total	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2022	\$	16,151,451	\$	26,154,687	\$	42,306,138	\$	_	\$	729.817	\$	729,817
2023	Ŧ	17,403,765	Ŷ	25,403,825	Ŧ	42,807,590	Ŧ	-	Ŷ	729,817	Ŧ	729,817
2024		19,871,863		24,604,863		44,476,726		-		729,817		729,817
2025		22,028,902		23,684,965		45,713,867		101,834		729,817		831,651
2026		22,992,791		22,672,004		45,664,795		95,326		725,743		821,069
2027-2031		128,071,417		96,680,948		224,752,365		1,326,401		3,576,406		4,902,807
2032-2036		153,977,096		64,775,611		218,752,707		6,105,820		3,392,752		9,498,572
2037-2041		84,475,900		30,402,502		114,878,402		6,635,023		2,388,608		9,023,631
2042-2046		65,424,469		16,757,590		82,182,059		3,981,002		477,722		4,458,724
2047-2051		28,957,572		1,983,426	_	30,940,998		-		-		-
Total	\$	559,355,226	\$	333,120,421	\$	892,475,647	\$	18,245,406	\$	13,480,499	\$	31,725,905
Years Ending June 30		Principal		Placements) Interest		Total	· —	Sewage l Principal	Disp	oosal Fund (O Interest	the	⁻ Debt) Total
2022	\$	23,093,803	\$	18,754,428	\$	41,848,231	\$	-	\$	1,216,360	\$	1,216,360
2023	Ŧ	15,443,241	Ŧ	17.969.894	Ŧ	33.413.135	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	1.216.360	Ŧ	1.216.360
2024		16,109,538		17,302,397		33,411,935		-		1,216,360		1,216,360
2025		18,859,235		16,590,150		35,449,385		169,723		1,216,360		1,386,083
2026		19,615,550		15,762,037		35,377,587		158,877		1,209,571		1,368,448
2027-2031		105,445,128		65,481,589		170,926,717		2,210,667		5,369,840		7,580,507
2032-2036		120,307,503		41,138,364		161,445,867		10,176,359		5,654,583		15,830,942
2037-2041		65,872,700		15,163,804		81,036,504		11,058,363		3,981,011		15,039,374
2042-2046		21,120,000		6,090,731		27,210,731		6,635,024		796,202		7,431,226
2047-2051		10,005,000		756,500		10,761,500		-		-		-
Total	\$	415,871,698	\$	215,009,894	\$	630,881,592	\$	30,409,013	\$	21,876,647	\$	52,285,660

June 30, 2021

Note 7 - Contingent Liabilities

The Department is subject to various governmental environmental laws and regulations. GASB Statement No. 49, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations*, established accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution (including contamination) remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities, such as site assessments and cleanups. The standard excludes pollution prevention or control obligations with respect to current operations and future pollution remediation activities that are required upon retirement of an asset, such as landfill closure and postclosure care. The Department determined that there were no estimated pollution remediation obligations to be recorded at June 30, 2021.

The Department is subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of its business. The Department believes that the amount, if any, of ultimate liability with respect to legal actions will be insignificant or will be covered by insurance.

Note 8 - Risk Management

The Department is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits and life insurance benefits provided to employees. The Department is self-insured for losses, such as health, dental, workers' compensation, legal, disability benefits, and vehicular liabilities.

The Department, through the City, provides health and dental insurance benefits to employees through self-insured health plans that are administered by third-party administrators. The Department does not purchase excess or stop-loss insurance for its self-insured health plans. The liability for health and dental benefits is reflected in interfund balances with the City of Detroit, Michigan.

The Department purchases public official liability insurance and assumes a \$250,000 self-insured retention for any one loss or occurrence under its self-insured public official liability program. The Department is fully self-insured for property liabilities, general liabilities for accidents that occur on department properties, and environmental-related liabilities and does not purchase excess insurance for these liabilities. Settled claims relating to the public official liability insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Department estimates the liability for workers' compensation and general claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including claims that have been reported and those that have not yet been reported. Changes in the estimated liability for the past two fiscal years were as follows:

		Water F	und	Sewage Disposal Fund			
	_	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Estimated liability - Beginning of year Estimated claims incurred, including changes	\$	6,704,000 \$	8,509,000 \$	6,540,000 \$	6,322,000		
in estimates Claim payments		1,673,465 (324,657)	(1,270,212) (534,788)	524,197 (32,005)	265,672 (47,672)		
Estimated liability - End of year	\$	8,052,808 \$	6,704,000 \$	7,032,192 \$	6,540,000		

June 30, 2021

Note 9 - Pension Plans

Plan Description

The Department participates in the City of Detroit General Retirement System (the "System"). The System is a single-employer plan composed of a defined benefit plan component and a defined contribution annuity plan component. The plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The plan is administered by its own board of trustees. Plan members include active employees, retirees, and beneficiaries from various departments within the City. Benefit terms have been established by contractual agreements between the City and the employees' collective bargaining units; amendments are subject to the same process.

The System issues publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and the required supplemental information. The reports can be obtained from City of Detroit Retirement Systems, Ally Detroit Center, 500 Woodward Ave., Suite 3000, Detroit, MI 48226, or obtained from the System's website (www.rscd.org). Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report. The pension plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis of accounting used by the pension plan. The plan uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Investments are stated at fair value or estimated fair value. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due pursuant to legal requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The City filed for bankruptcy in June 2013 and subsequently exited bankruptcy on December 10, 2014. This resulted in the adoption of the Eighth Amended Plan for Adjustment of Debts of the City of Detroit (the "POA"). Under the provisions of the POA, effective July 1, 2014, the Combined Plan for General Employees Retirement System of the City of Detroit (the "Combined Plan") was introduced.

As a result of negotiations between the City and the public employee unions, the existing plan benefit formulas were frozen, and no employees were allowed to earn further benefits under the existing plans after June 30, 2014. The emergency manager issued Order #30 (General Employees Retirement System of the City of Detroit) on June 30, 2014, which put these changes into effect. This plan is known as the "legacy plan" or "Component II."

As of July 1, 2014, all eligible employees began participating in the new hybrid pension plan, or Component I. Eligible city employees will receive the benefits they have earned under the legacy Component II plan for services performed through June 30, 2014, plus an additional benefit under the new hybrid plan formula for services after June 30, 2014.

With respect to Component II benefit adjustments resulting from the POA, the pension settlement (for which benefit levels were and are contingent on other factors, including receipt of outside contributions) provided for: a loss of cost of living adjustments, or escalators (COLAs), paid after July 1, 2014; a 4.5 percent reduction to the remaining accrued pension benefit after the COLA loss; and, for plan members who participated in the Annuity Savings Fund (ASF) plan between 2003 and 2013, subject to certain caps, recoupment of certain amounts of interest deemed by the City to be in excess of that which should have been credited to the individual ASF accounts, referred to as "ASF Recoupment." ASF Recoupment, like other provisions of the pension settlement, was not optional. Most members will pay their ASF Recoupment by a monthly deduction from their future pension benefits for a set term of months, including interest calculated at 6.75 percent. All members were offered a lump-sum cash option, which was limited in the aggregate to \$30 million in member recoupment. The POA also included the possibility of restoration of certain benefit reductions, based on a program for the most financially vulnerable pensioners and beneficiaries through the State of Michigan Treasury Department, as well as a new feature of Component II allowing restoration of benefits depending on the plan funding level over time.

June 30, 2021

Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)

Nonemployer Contributing Entity within Component II

On September 9, 2014, a memorandum of understanding was entered into by the emergency manager and mayor of the City; a county executive of each of the charter counties of Wayne and Macomb, Michigan; the County of Oakland, Michigan; and the governor of the State of Michigan. The purpose of the MOU was to establish a framework for the creation of a regional authority (known as Great Lakes Water Authority or GLWA) pursuant to Act 233 of 1955 to operate, control, and improve the regional assets of the water supply system and the sewage disposal system owned by the City.

Pursuant to the MOU, the City and GLWA entered into two lease agreements: the Regional Water Supply System Lease dated June 12, 2015 and the Regional Sewage Supply System Lease dated June 12, 2015. Under the provisions of the lease agreements, GLWA leases the regional assets of the City for a period of at least 40 years.

Pursuant to the lease agreements, on December 1, 2015, a triparty agreement, referred to as the pension reporting agreement, between the City, General Retirement System of the City of Detroit (GRS), and GLWA was signed. Per the POA and Section 4.3 of the lease agreements, GLWA is required to pay a portion of the pension obligation that will be allocable to the City of Detroit Water and Sewerage Department. The purpose of the pension reporting agreement was to determine the funding status for the DWSD pension pool and for GRS to agree to provide GLWA with certain actuarial and other reports to enable GLWA to properly manage and pay its portion of the pension obligation that is allocable to the DWSD.

Effective January 1, 2016, GLWA was established. Accordingly, the prior DWSD division was split into two: one representing the ongoing DWSD department, now referenced as DWSD Retail (DWSD-R), and another representing the Great Lakes Water Authority. In accordance with the pension reporting agreement, the net position and liabilities of the DWSD were allocated to DWSD-R and GLWA in accordance with written directions received from DWSD-R and GLWA. Per written directions, GLWA is to be allocated 70.3 percent of the net position and liabilities of the DWSD as of June 30, 2014 and does not have any obligation for a share of DWSD service costs after that time. Because GLWA has no employees or retirees in the Combined Plan, GLWA is considered a nonemployer contributing entity in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67. As this arrangement also meets the definition of a special funding situation per GASB Statement No. 68, GLWA's allocated pension expense of \$22,706,236 is recognized by the Department as revenue.

Benefits Provided

<u>Component II</u>

Component II is the legacy plan, the original defined benefit plan, which includes a defined benefit component and a defined contribution component. Component II generally applies to benefits accrued by members prior to July 1, 2014. The plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Except as specifically provided in the Combined Plan, benefits provided under Component II are frozen effective June 30, 2014. Component II also includes the Income Stabilization Fund. The fund, a part of Component II and established as a provision of the POA, was established for the sole purpose of paying the Income Stabilization Benefits and Income Stabilization Benefits Plus to eligible pensioners.

June 30, 2021

Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)

The Income Stabilization Fund is outlined in Section G-3 of the POA. The annual supplemental pension income stabilization benefit is equal to the lesser of either (i) the amount needed to restore an eligible retiree's reduced annual pension benefit to 100 percent of the amount of the annual pension benefit that the eligible retiree was receiving from the System in 2013 or (ii) the amount needed to bring the total annual 2013 household income of the eligible retiree up to 130 percent of the federal poverty level for 2013. The Income Stabilization Fund did not have an impact on total pension liability for the System or the City as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020 because the assets held by the Income Stabilization Fund are not considered to be available to fund the normal retirement benefit provisions under the pension plan but instead are restricted to pay Income Stabilization Benefits Plus. No liability currently exists for these benefits.

Postbankruptcy GRS Component II plan members, upon retirement, will receive an annuity that shall be the actuarial equivalent of the member's accumulated contributions in the 1973 Defined Contribution Annuity Savings Fund at the time of retirement. In addition, each member will receive a basic service and a membership service pension. The basic service pension will consist of \$12.00 per annum multiplied by the number of years and fractions of years of credited service, not to exceed 10 years. The membership service pension will be calculated as follows:

- For members who retire on or before June 30, 1992, a membership service pension of 1.5 percent of average final compensation for the first 10 years of service and 1.63 percent for service in excess of 10 years
- For members who retire on or after July 1, 1992 but prior to July 1, 1998, a membership service pension of 1.5 percent of average final compensation for each year of service for the first 10 years, plus 1.7 percent of average final compensation for each year of service in excess of 10 years up to 20 years of service, plus 1.9 percent of average final compensation for each year of service in excess of 20 years. In no event shall benefits paid by the System exceed 90 percent of average final compensation.
- For members who retire on or after July 1, 1998, a membership service pension for service rendered prior to July 1, 2012 of 1.6 percent of average final compensation for each year of service in excess of 10 years; plus 1.8 percent of average final compensation for each year of service in excess of 10 years, up to 20 years of service; plus 2 percent of average final compensation for each year of service in excess of 20 years up to 25 years; plus 2.2 percent of average final compensation for each year of service in excess of 25 years; plus, for service rendered after July 1, 2012 and prior to July 1, 2014, 1.5 percent of average final compensation for each year of city service not to exceed \$120. Notwithstanding the foregoing, for members of the Michigan Council 25 of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees, AFL-CIO Local 2920 and the Detroit Senior Water Systems Chemists Association bargaining units, the effective date of the 1.5 percent multiplier was April 1, 2013 for all years of service rendered after that date. In no case shall benefits paid by the System exceed 90 percent of average final compensation.

In the event the eligible retiree's estimated adjusted annual household income in any calendar year after the first year that the eligible retiree receives a benefit from the Income Stabilization Fund is less than 105 percent of the federal poverty level in that year, the eligible retiree will receive an additional Income Stabilization Benefit Plus benefit commencing as of the following July 1.

<u>Component I</u>

Component I is considered a hybrid plan because it includes a defined benefit component and a defined contribution component. Component I of the plan document applies to benefits accrued by members of the GRS on and after July 1, 2014. The Component I plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

June 30, 2021

Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)

Contributions

Article 9, Section 24 of the State of Michigan constitution requires that financial benefits arising on account of employee service rendered in each year be funded during that year. Accordingly, in the past, the System retained an independent actuary to determine the annual contribution. Until 2024, contributions are based on specific provisions of the Plan of Adjustment. After 2024, contributions will be actuarially determined.

Employer Contributions

Component II

The Department made contributions of \$42,900,000 to the System for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Component I

Per Section 9.3 of the Combined Plan, commencing on July 1, 2015 and ending on June 30, 2023, the Department is required to contribute 5 percent of compensation of active members. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Department contributed \$1,357,891 to the Component I plan.

Employee Contributions

Contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the board of trustees in accordance with the City Charter, union contracts, and plan provisions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, there were no employee contributions into Component II, as the plan was frozen as of June 30, 2014. Effectively, employee contributions were allowed only until August 1, 2014. Contributions into Component I began with the members' first payroll date occurring in August 2014. With respect to GRS Component I, the Department's employees who are members of GRS are now required to make mandatory contributions of 4 percent of pay toward their defined benefit. Additionally, employees can make voluntary contributions of 3, 5, or 7 percent of annual pay. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Department's employees contributed \$1,557,236 in mandatory and voluntary contributions.

Net Pension Liability

As permitted by GASB Statement No. 68, the Department has chosen to use June 30, 2020 as its measurement date for the net pension liability (NPL). The net pension liability was calculated using the total pension liability and the System's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2020. The June 30, 2020 total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2021, the Department reported a liability for its net pension liability as follows:

Component II

Component

	Component II	Component
Measurement date used for the Department's net pension liability Based on a comprehensive actuarial valuation as of	June 30, 2020 June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020 June 30, 2019
		Net Pension Liability
Component II Component I		\$ 60,965,353 2,669,976
Total		\$ 63,635,329

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2021

Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Department recognized a pension expense of \$32,287,012 for Component II and pension expense of \$29,354 for Component I.

At June 30, 2021, the Department reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Water Fund					Sewage Di	sposal Fund		
		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and									
actual experience	\$	223,601	\$	(787,120)	\$	317,806	\$	(1,118,739)	
Changes in assumptions		366,957		(112,321)		521,558		(159,646)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		8,544,905		-		6,135,553		-	
Employer contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date		8,197,009				5,902,182			
uale		0,197,009		-		5,902,102		-	
Total	\$	17,332,472	\$	(899,441)	\$	12,877,099	\$	(1,278,385)	

From the above table, the Department reported \$14,099,191 for both Components II and I as deferred outflows of resources resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022.

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the change in actuarial assumptions, the net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and the differences between expected and actual experiences will be amortized and recognized as an addition to or a reduction of pension expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30	 Water Fund	 Sewage Disposal Fund
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ 1,312,421 2,473,135 2,717,575 1,732,891	\$ 675,884 1,796,865 1,951,917 1,271,866
Total	\$ 8,236,022	\$ 5,696,532

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in each actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Component II	Component I
Salary increases (including inflation)	N/A	2.0-3.0%
Investment rate of return (net of investment expenses)	7.06%	7.06%

Based on an experience study from 2008-2013 issued in February 2015, the mortality table assumption was based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Annuitant Table for males and females. The tables are projected to be fully generational, based on the two-dimensional sex-distinct mortality scale MP-2014.

June 30, 2021

Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions other than mortality and the investment rate of return, used in the June 30, 2019 valuation to calculate the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 2002 to 2007. While the System routinely has an experience study performed by an actuary every five years, the last experience study for the period from July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2012 was started but not completed due to the City's bankruptcy. To avoid any distortions from the bankruptcy period, the System has chosen to have the next experience study performed for the period form July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2020.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was 7.06 percent for both Components I and II. The single discount rate used at the beginning of the year was 7.38 percent. For the Component II plan, the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that employee contributions will cease as of June 30, 2014 and that city contributions, including contributions sourced from the proceeds of the sale of artwork from the State of Michigan and the Foundation for Detroit's Future, will be made at rates equal to those set by the final Plan of Adjustment through June 30, 2023, followed by actuarially determined contributions beginning in 2024. For the Component I plan, the projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Investment Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation of 2.50 percent) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return as of June 30, 2021 for each major asset class, including pension plan target asset allocation, as disclosed in the investment footnote, are summarized in the following table:

Component I and Component II

	Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global equity		37.00 %	6.37 %
Global fixed income		27.00	3.02
Real estate/real assets		15.00	5.39
Private equity		8.00	10.57
Hedge funds		5.00	3.69
Diversifying strategies		8.00	2.38

June 30, 2021

Note 9 - Pension Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the Department, calculated using the discount rate of 7.06 percent, as well as what the Department's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Percentage bint Decrease (6.06%)	Di	Current iscount Rate (7.06%)	Percentage oint Increase (8.06%)
Net pension liability - Water Fund Net pension liability - Sewage Disposal Fund	\$ 47,068,489 33,534,966	\$	37,640,860 25,994,469	\$ 29,645,784 19,647,563

Note 10 - Risks and Uncertainties - COVID-19

Since the World Health Organization's identification of COVID-19 as a global health emergency and the subsequent implementation of national, state, and local emergency declarations, significant dislocations in normal economic activity have occurred at all levels. On March 10, 2020, the Michigan Department of Health and Human Services identified the first two presumptive-positive cases of COVID-19 in the state of Michigan (the "State"). Since then, the governor has issued a series of executive orders declaring a state of emergency and a state of disaster in the State in response to COVID-19. The duration, severity, and degree of any impact of COVID-19 is uncertain and difficult to predict at this time due to the dynamic nature of the COVID-19 outbreak.

Throughout the pandemic, the Department has continuously monitored the situation and made necessary operational adjustments to ensure the safety of services offered, including the furloughing of employees and temporarily closing certain service centers. Despite these actions, there was no significant impact to how customers are serviced. While COVID-19 has not significantly impacted the Department's revenue, it continues to have an impact on the cash collections. The Department continues to monitor the situation and make the necessary adjustments to increase the cash collection rates, including utilizing the County delinquent tax revolving fund and seeking federal and state funding to assist customers with outstanding water and sewerage balances.

Required Supplemental Information

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component II

Last Seven Fiscal Years (Based on Measurement Date)

	 2020	2019	 2018		2017		2016*	 2015	 2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual	\$ - \$ 15,329,127 -	15,505,000 -	\$ - 15,452,925 -	\$	- 15,981,838 -	\$	- 17,060,232 -	\$ - 73,105,847 (216,739,841)	\$ 9,746,003 66,690,581 (27,617,959)
experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds	 (4,336,765) 5,535,733 (19,052,938)	1,462,609 - (19,648,437)	 (135,450) (9,017,883) (20,023,732)	1	1,000,921 6,401,809 (21,580,612)	1	(2,139,381) 7,447,135 (29,420,988)	 (607,587) (28,150,723) (77,231,357)	 - (74,737,651) (98,853,724)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(2,524,843)	(2,680,828)	(13,724,140)		1,803,956		(7,053,002)	(249,623,661)	(124,772,750)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year	 217,238,236	219,919,064	 233,643,204		231,839,248		238,892,250	 1,053,974,670	 1,178,747,420
Total Pension Liability - End of year	\$ 214,713,393 \$	217,238,236	\$ 219,919,064	\$	233,643,204	\$	231,839,248	\$ 804,351,009	\$ 1,053,974,670
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net investment (loss) income Administrative expenses Benefit payments, including refunds Other	\$ 12,741,300 \$ (1,526,864) (19,052,938) 499,426	12,741,300 3,884,419 (19,648,437) (50,473)	\$ 12,741,300 - 12,820,925 - (20,023,732) 585,561	\$	12,741,300 - 16,397,207 - (21,580,612) 631,198	\$	12,741,300 (917,059) (29,420,988) 469,357	42,888,889 186,274 24,580,775 (30,290) (77,231,357) 39,485,858	\$ 21,491,022 3,335,706 102,177,233 (3,416,015) (98,853,724)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(7,339,076)	(3,073,191)	6,124,054		8,189,093		(17,127,390)	29,880,149	24,734,222
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of year	 161,087,116	164,160,307	 158,036,253		149,847,160		166,974,550	 532,323,722	 507,589,500
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of year	\$ 153,748,040 \$	161,087,116	\$ 164,160,307	\$	158,036,253	\$	149,847,160	\$ 562,203,871	\$ 532,323,722
Department's Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 60,965,353 \$	56,151,120	\$ 55,758,757	\$	75,606,951	\$	81,992,088	\$ 242,147,138	\$ 521,650,948
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	71.61 %	74.15 %	74.65 %		67.64 %		64.63 %	69.90 %	50.51 %
Covered Payroll	\$ 18,517,661 \$	19,014,424	\$ 22,726,143	\$	22,864,010	\$	57,607,917	\$ 60,782,192	\$ 64,835,429
Department's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	329.23 %	295.31 %	245.35 %		330.68 %		142.33 %	398.39 %	804.58 %

*As described in Note 9, the Great Lakes Water Authority (GLWA) was established on January 1, 2016. On this date, GLWA assumed a portion of the net position and liabilities of the Department. The 2016 amounts have been adjusted to reflect only the portion allocated to the Department.

GASB Statement No. 67 was implemented for fiscal year 2014 and does not require retroactive implementation. Data will be added as information is available until 10 years of such information is available.

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Component I

Last Six Fiscal Years (Based on Measurement Date)

		2020		2019	 2018		2017	 2016	2015
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds Voluntary member contributions	\$	2,390,105 1,476,696 (848,439) 880,759 (453,391) 511,684)	2,074,670 1,152,253 1,064,454 - (557,569) 693,042	2,438,165 1,089,198 (2,555,229) (855,251) (463,955) 689,984	·	4,535,838 986,953 (3,118,495) 583,770 (375,730) 585,787	5,556,742 704,400 (1,577,654) 521,263 (1,827,192) 1,085,989	\$ 5,853,312 210,719 (352,686) - 1,662,483
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		3,957,414		4,426,850	342,912		3,198,123	4,463,548	7,373,828
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year		19,805,261		15,378,411	 15,035,499		11,837,376	 7,373,828	-
Total Pension Liability - End of year	\$	23,762,675	\$	19,805,261	\$ 15,378,411	\$	15,035,499	\$ 11,837,376	\$ 7,373,828
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net investment (loss) income Administrative expenses Benefit payments, including refunds Voluntary member contributions Other	\$	1,447,354 1,208,589 (334,134) (221,800) (453,391) 511,684 178,199))	1,329,961 1,069,825 486,278 (299,865) (557,569) 693,042 1,268,283	\$ 1,328,993 993,710 1,524,214 (382,260) (463,955) 689,984	·	1,012,219 838,418 1,903,831 (375,730) (557,335) 585,787 13,057	\$ 1,884,087 1,529,722 (33,400) (912,491) (1,827,192) 1,085,989 (2,570)	\$ 2,596,022 2,103,576 6,011 (436,927) - 1,662,483
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		2,336,501		3,989,955	3,690,686		3,420,247	1,724,145	5,931,165
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of year		18,756,198		14,766,243	 11,075,557		7,655,310	 5,931,165	-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of year	\$	21,092,699	\$	18,756,198	\$ 14,766,243	\$	11,075,557	\$ 7,655,310	\$ 5,931,165
Department's Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$	2,669,976	\$	1,049,063	\$ 612,168	\$	3,959,942	\$ 4,182,066	\$ 1,442,663
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		88.76 %)	94.70 %	96.02 %		73.66 %	64.67 %	80.44 %
Covered Payroll	\$	27,685,882	\$	26,810,527	\$ 22,726,143	\$	22,864,010	\$ 57,607,917	\$ 60,782,192
Department's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	F	9.64 %)	3.91 %	96.02 %		73.66 %	64.67 %	80.44 %

GASB Statement No. 67 was implemented for fiscal year 2014 and does not require retroactive implementation. Data will be added as information is available until 10 years of such information is available.

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Pension Contributions Component II

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Years Ended June 30

	2	021*	 2020*	 2019*	_	2018*	_	2017*	_	2016*		2015	 2014	 2013	 2012
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$ 12,	,741,300	\$ 12,741,300	\$ 12,741,300	\$	12,741,300	\$	12,741,300	\$	42,888,889	\$ 2 [^]	1,491,022	\$ 24,868,234	\$ 24,865,090	\$ 13,026,588
contribution	12,	,741,300	 12,741,300	 12,741,300		12,741,300		12,741,300		42,888,889	2	1,491,022	 27,301,090	 26,450,595	 10,861,181
Contribution Excess (Deficiency)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 2,432,856	\$ 1,585,505	\$ (2,165,407)
Department's Covered Payroll**	\$	-	\$ 18,517,661	\$ 22,726,143	\$	22,864,010	\$	41,216,957	\$	57,607,917	\$60	0,782,192	\$ 64,835,429	\$ 64,836,192	\$ 78,425,725
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		- %	68.81 %	56.06 %		55.73 %		30.91 %		74.45 %		35.36 %	42.11 %	40.80 %	13.85 %

*Contributions beginning with fiscal year 2015 were determined by the provisions of the Plan of Adjustment and were not actuarially determined.

**GASB Statement No. 67, as amended, requires covered payroll to be presented, as well as the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll. Covered payroll for 2021 is not available.

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Pension Contributions Component I

Last Seven Fiscal Years

Years Ended June 30

	_	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	_	2016		2015
Contractually determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	1,357,891	\$	1,447,354	\$	1,329,961	\$	1,328,993	\$	1,012,219	\$	1,884,087	\$	2,596,022
contractually determined contribution		1,357,891		1,447,354		1,329,961		1,328,993		1,012,219		1,884,087		2,596,022
Contribution Excess (Deficiency)	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contribution Excess (Deficiency) Covered Payroll	\$ \$	- 27,157,820	\$ \$		\$ \$	- 22,726,143	\$ \$		\$ \$		\$ \$		\$ \$	- 60,782,192

Contributions are made in accordance with the Plan of Adjustment, which is 5 percent of compensation of active members.

Note to Required Supplemental Information

June 30, 2021

Pension Information

Benefit Changes

Component II

In 2014, the pension plan was frozen. No new employees are allowed to participate in the plan. All benefits for actives were frozen as of June 30, 2014 based on service and average final compensation accrued as of that date.

In 2015, benefits were reduced by 4.5 percent, and the cost of living adjustments were eliminated.

Changes in Assumptions

Component II

In 2014, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from adjustment of the discount rate from 5.88 to 7.2 percent, updating the mortality tables from the RP-2000 Combined Table to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table, and adjustments for longevity and unused sick leave were eliminated.

Components II and I

In 2015, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from adjustment of the discount rate from 7.2 to 7.61 percent.

In 2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from adjustment of the discount rate from 7.61 to 7.23 percent.

In 2017, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from adjustment of the discount rate from 7.23 to 6.91 percent.

In 2018, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from adjustment of the discount rate from 6.91 to 7.38 percent.